# In All Ways

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Importers, Jobbers, Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc.

Salles.

ment that he will be satisfied with the honor

YOUNG GIRL DYNAMITER.

Blow Up the Paris Show.

Santos, and the investigation shows that,

among others who were chosen by lot,

there is a young girl, Gabriella, who has

FOUR STREET-RAILWAY CARS NEAR-

LY DEMOLISHED BY A MOB.

Nonunion Crews Compelled to Flee for

Their Lives-Stones Hurled at the

Motormen and Conductors.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 29.-Rioting an

disorder broke out to-night in connection

with the strike on the lines of the Big Con-

solidated Street Rallway and four cars were

nearly demolished while the crews were com-

pelled to flee for their lives. It was only

after determined efforts on the part of

thirty policemen under Captain Bradley,

that order was finally restored. The first

rioting of the evening took place on Cen-

tral avenue, near the Cleveland & Pittsburg

Railroad crossing, where an east bound car

switch. It was about 6 o'clock and working

men were returning home from the factories

and mills in the vicinity. A mob of several

hundred people soon gathered and the law-

less element began to stone the car and

at the crossing and was brought to a stand-

fared as bad and even worse, the motorman

being badly injured. A west-bound car was

The front and rear vestibules of all the cars

broken. They presented a dilapitated ap-

pearance when taken to the barns by the

Later in the evening a mob of about 3,00

people gathered at the corner of Central

and Lincoln avenues which is a residence

portion of the city. The crew of this car

was saved from serious injury by the ar-

rival of a detachment of police under

Sergeant Prang. It is expected many ar-

Cannot Pay the Scale.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 29 .- The opera-

tors of coal mines in the Chicago and Alton

sub-district held a conference this evening

and decided that they could not pay the scale for mining asked for by the United Mine Workers of America, unless they oper-ated their mines at a loss. They concluded

REYES TO BE PLACATED.

May Be Made Governor of the Atlantic

BLUEFIELDS, Aug. 29.-The Zelaya

party here is very much disturbed over the

report which came yesterday that Presi-

dent Zelaya and General Reyes, the leader

of the recent revolution on the Atlantic

coast, had come to an understanding. Gen-

eral Reyes has been offered by the Presi-

dent the governorship of the Atlantic coast

of Nicaragua, and as evidence of his good

faith in making the tender the President

offers to make any arrangements he (Gen-

eral Reyes) may demand to assure him

The Honduran gunboat Tatumbia is

here. Her presence has created considera-

ble comment. It is said that Zelaya dis-

trusts the Estrada brothers and has the

Tatumbia here to prevent any military

revolutionary tactics. The Nicaraguan gun-

boat San Jacinto is at Cape Gracias dis-

abled. The official sent down by the President to assume control of the local offices

on Aug. 1 has not as yet been put in pos-

session. The Estrada faction, which was Zelaya's strongest support, has deserted

his standard and the present move to put

Reyes in power again is to appease and concluste Reyes's sympathizers. To pre-

vent the Estrada followers from getting the

arms and ammunition on this coast some

time ago on some flimsy pretext they were

carried to the interior. There are clouds on the horizon and it looks as if there was

Another Revolution.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 29 .- Advices from

Nicaragua state that Gen. Louis Mena, the

bravest fighter of the Reves revolution, has

San Salvador, numbering a hundred, de-feated the troops on the frontier and is now

pressing on to Leon. He hopes to raise an

army there to attack Zelaya at the capital.

AN OMAHA MYSTERY.

Dead Body of an Unknown Woman

Found on the Pavement.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 29.-A woman,

whose identity is a mystery, was found

dead on the pavement on Park avenue, to-

day, in the best residence portion of the

city. Doctors say she had been dead for sev-

eral hours and that death resulted from

a fracture of the skull, evidently caused by

the vicinity say that about 11 o'clock last

a buggy passing in which was a man and

woman. The man was lashing the horse

into a run and holding the woman, who was standing up and evidently trying to jump out of the buggy. There is, at present, no clew as to the identity of the dead

Coast of Nicaragua.

to allow their mines to remain idle.

rests will follow the outrages.

wrecking crew.

were demolished, while every window was

the vacancy caused by Sexton's death.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS DEFORMITY APPARATUS, Trusses, Elastic Hosiery, Largest stock of ARTIFICIAL EYES in the State. WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO.

#### (New No. 127) 77 S. Illinois st., Indianapolis, Ind THE INDIANA OIL FIELD

THIRTY-FIVE FEWER WELLS IN AU-

GUST THAN IN JULY.

Big Sales of Leased Land and Firm Faith in the Future of the Hoosier Territory.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. were thirty-five fewer wells completed during August than in July in the Indiana oil field, still this does not signify that there is any wane in operations. One setback is the scarcity of material and territory to operate in. A great many gas wells are being drilled throughout the gas belt, but oil operators are afraid to venture for oil within the gas territory as the gas-waste laws are being enforced. The citizens believe in protecting their fuel and they have the right, but when the pressure gets as low as it is in the Ohio field, and the law passes out of existence there will be a great boom in Indiana oil stock, but not until then. It is evident that the Indiana end of the Ohio Oil Company, at one time known as a branch of the Standard Oil Company, is aware of the fact that Indiana is to have the great oil field of the future and is capturing all of the territory it can in all parts of the field. It is only a question of time until this company owns the entire production of the State outside of the Indiana Oil Company, the Cudahays, Sun Oil Company,

The largest sale made in the field since the sale of the Northern Indiana Oil Com, Jumped from the track at the derailing pany to the Cudahays was made during the month when Samuel W. Tait transferred to the Ohio Oil Company leases comprising about 3,000 acres, with eighty-one completed wells and a daily output of close to 250 barrels. The consideration was \$115,000. crew. Another east-bound car soon arrived Another important feature of the month was the sale by McCormick & Co. to Pitts- still. The motormen and conductors were burg parties of the lease on the Studebaker | pulled from the car and only succeeded in 600 acres near Van Buren for \$55,000. More escaping after passing through a gauntlet of sales were made in Indiana the present month than in the Ohio and Eastern fields combined. New oil men are dropping into the field daily. The only drawback is the also stopped at the crossing and the crew high prices of junk and scarcity of all kinds | was nearly mobbed by the now frantic crowd. of material, and many are waiting for the

Manhattan Oil Company and the Hazlewood

market to reach the dollar mark. During August there were 184 wells completed in the field, of which 31 were gas wells or worthless for oil production. The daily output from the new wells amounted to 3.250 barrels, or an average daily of 211/4 barrels. Wells and Grant counties took the ead. In new work under way there are 167 wells drilling and 128 rigs up and building. This is a decline in the totals from July of 29. The recapitulation shows the full con-ditions for the past two months as fol-

-Summary of completed wells-Com. Pro. Dry. Com. Pro. Dry. .... 52 1,110 Jay ..... 12 Adams .... 7 Grant .... 42 funtington .. 11 fiami .... .... Totals ......184 3.250 31 219 3,710 Decrease completed wells ...... 3 Decrease new production, barrels......460 holes .....

Abandoned wells .... 4 -Drilling Wells and Rigs-Drg. Rig. Tot. Drg. Rig. Tot Blackford .. .... 19 Jay ..... Adams .... Grant ..... 41 Huntington ... 10 dison ....

Miami .... Delaware .. .... Vabash .... Miscellaneous .. 24 Totals .. .....167 128 Decrease rigs up .....

Net decrease in new work ...... 39

Oil Lease Sold for \$30,000.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLUFFTON, Ind., Aug. 29 .- Indiana's biggest oil well, the one drilled in on the farm of Auditor Powell, of Cass county, was sold to-day by G. A. Mason, Mike Dailey and H. C. Arnold, of this city, to D. F. Sherbondy, of Cleveland. The lease is located in Blackford county and the well was drilled in February. It started at the rate of 1,500 barrels a day and before sufficient tankage could be secured over \$2,000 worth of oil flowed on the ground and went to waste. Two additional wells were drilled and the lease Mr. Sherbondy paid \$30,000 for the lease, which, although only eighty acres in extent, is the most valuable one in Indiana. In addition to the purchase price the owners, since February, have sold twenty thou-

Indiana Oll at 90 Cents a Barrel.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MONTPELIER, Ind., Aug. 29.-Indiana oil received another 2-cent boost to-day by the Standard Oil Company raising the price from 88 cents to 90 cents a barrel. Eastern oil was advanced 3 cents. There has been no change in the market for over three weeks, and the raise was a surprise to the local producers. All are now looking for Indiana oil to reach the dollar mark.

Mr. Johnson Wants Full Term. CINCINNATI, Aug. 29.-Acting Commornati, accompanied by members of a ent, no clew as to the identity of the dead woman or her companion. The woman was nia road. His friends repudiate the state-

WAYNE MACVEAGH'S BRIEF IN BE-HALF OF THE EMBEZZLER.

He Says the Officer "Is as Innocent as I Am"-Attorney General Griggs's Decision Expected Soon.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29 .- Frank P. Blair, counsel for Capt. Oberlin M. Carter, of the United States engineer corps, in the courtmartial which convicted that officer of robbing the government and sentenced him to dismissal from the army, to a five years' term in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$10,000, received, to-day, the brief prepared for his client by Wayne MacVeagh, of Pennsylvania, minister to Italy during the Cleveland administration. The brief is addressed to Attorney General Griggs, who is expected to review and put his opinion on the case to the President. The brief of Captain Carter's attorney places the convicted man on a pedestal with Dreyfus, Mr. MacVeagh arguing that there is the closest analogy between the cases of the two men. The attorney also devotes a considerable proportion of his thirty-eight thousand words to attacking members of the courtmartial. He expresses his personal view of the case in the following words: "I began the examination of the record of the trial with the strongest impression, produced by what I had read in the newspapers, that Brazil Anarchists Choose a Female to Captain Carter must be guilty. Of course I knew, as everybody knows, how often a majority of the officers detailed to try import-RIO JANEIRO, Aug. 29.-Admiral Howi-. ant cases have convicted innocent men, but son and the officers of the United States I assumed, from what I had read, that in cruisers Chicago and Montgomery paid a this case the contractors had seduced Capt. visit this afternoon to President Campos Carter into a criminal conspiracy with them. A most careful study of the evidence Police have discovered an association of has completely satisfied me that Captain Anarchists at San Paulo, forty miles from Carter is as innocent a man as I am. It is not only that there is absolutely nothing in the proofs submitted which is not entirely compatible with his innocence, but many already started on her voyage, whose misfacts are proven which are absolutely irsion it is to dynamite buildings of the Paris exposition. Several persons have been ar-Continuing, Mr. MacVeagh declares that rested in connection with the plot, includ-ing the editors of Anarchist papers at San his client has not asked and will not ask for "mercy" from the President. It is not trial and "the orderly and natural refergeneral, the appointed law adviser of the

> comes forward with another propositionto subject the whole case to the review of a Mr. MacVeagh follows with a severe arraignment of the whole system of trials by court-martial. He asserts that they follow no organized rules of evidence, that releadmitted, and as a rule the officers composing the court are unfitted by training

and habits of thought for sitting in a judi-

resident, where it has been taken. Under

cial capacity.

MR. GRIGGS'S REPORT. The Attorney General Expected to Take Action Before Long. WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.-Attorney General Griggs is expected to return to Washington to-morrow, but it is possible that he may not reach here until next Monday, No one here knows when the attorney general will make his report on the Carter court-martial case to the President, although there are persistent intimations that it will be made soon. There is some ground for the belief that the attorney general's report, when it is forthcoming, will be much broader than has heretofore been intimated. It is said in some quarters that it will not only deal with the case of Captain Carter, as shown by the record, but will point out the connection of others with the case and direct special attention to them. This, if it proves true, will account for the long period the attorney general has given to the consideration of the case. The record is exceedingly voluminous and the larocks and stones. The crew of the first car | bor and time involved in its examination simply in its bearing on Captain Carter alone would be immense, and following out its ramifications as to others would re-

quire much additional labor and time. The War Department has made public two letters that passed between the Governor of Colorado and Secretary Root on Aug. 24. Governor Thomas wrote to Secre-

tary Root as follows: "Dear Sir-I visited San Francisco last be present on the arrival of the Colorado volunteers from Manila and I take which, in my judgment, characterized the action of the Department of the Pacific and the troops were promptly disembarked; inspection of their tents and quarters conbeen made for their enforced detention as preliminary to their discharge. I have taken valuable time because I have heard various adverse criticisms of General Shafter's management in similar cases and from my personal observation could concleve no legitimate ground for them.'

Replying under date of Aug. 29 Secretary

"My Dear Sir-I thank you for your letter of Aug. 24 testifying to the efficiency which has characterized the action of the department of the Pacific under General Shafter on the occasion of the arrival of the Colorado volunteers from Manila, There are so many ready to say ill-natured things that it is really gratifying to have expressions of favorable opinion of this de-

Although the Dewey home fund is increasing only by small contributions and has not yet reached the \$20,000 mark, Treasurer Roberts says there are \$15,000 additional in sight for the fund. This amount has been promised from New York, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Chicago, Milwaukee and other Western

Although recruiting for the ten new volunteer regiments has not yet been actively started in all parts of the country, 2,764 men have already been secured for these regiditional recruiting stations are being established in different parts of the country and it is expected that the enrollment of troops

will progress rapidly from now on. It is understood that the United States consul at Gibraltar will advance the funds necessary to send to Cuba the twenty Cubans who were released by Spain from the penal colony at Ceuta and are now in a penniless condition at Gibraltar.

With about one hundred commissioned places yet to fill in the ten new regiments under organization, Secretary Root finds himself overwhelmed with applications even greater in number than the sum total of those received at the beginning of the Spanish-American war. It is said at the War Department that the large majority of the men who had commissions in the volunteer army in that war are again applicants for service in the Philippine campaign, replaced himself at the head of refugees in inforced by nearly all of those who held noncommissioned places. This same willingness to re-enter the service is said to be observable among the enlisted men, and the officials cite as a case in point Colonel Bell's regiment, the Twenty-seventh Volunteer Infantry, made up of 48 per cent. of men who served as volunteers in the Spanish-American war and 9 per cent. who were in the regular army in that war, or a total per-centage of 57 in one regiment. Secretary Root has resolved to entertain no personal applications for commissions and insists upon all being preferred through the regu-

The amount of gold certificates exchanged for gold and bullion to date is \$34,556,360. In addition to this \$5,000,000 additional gold is about to be exchanged.

Major General Miles has issued regulations for the examination of civilian applicants for appointment as second lieutenants in the army under the provisions of the act of March 2, 1899. A prerequisite for such examination is an authorization by the War Department.

The treasury to-day received \$3,210,000 from the sale of the old custom house site in New York city, authorized by Congress. The receipt of this money makes quite a change n the aspect of the treasury statement. It brings the receipts of the day up to

\$4,579,396, and as the expenditures were \$532,000, it gives a surplus for the day of \$4,047,396. Yesterday the statement showed a deficit for the month of August of \$1,144,000. The change in the day's receipts make a surplus for the month so far of \$2,903,396, and reduces the deficit for the two months of the fiscal year to \$5,593,000. DEFENDS CAPT. CARTER

Mai. John A. Logan, son of the late Gen. John A. Logan, was recently appointed a major in the volunteer army, but his name was accidentally omitted from the lists. He has been assigned to the Thirty-third In-

By direction of the secretary of war the detachment of the Eighth Infantry, including the officers, which was recently relieved from service in Alaska, is to be sent to Fort Snelling, Minn., the station of the depot battalion of that regiment.

#### RELIEF FOR PORTO RICANS.

500,000 Pounds of Food, 6,000 Women's Wrappers and 7,200 Men's Shirts.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.-The Unitted States transport Kilpatrick, which will sail from Brooklyn to-morrow for Porto Rico, will carry half a million pounds of provisions contributed for the relief of the destitute Porto Ricans. The provisions include beans, hard bread, split peas and canned goods. The cargo will also include forty-five cases of clothing and two cases of drugs. The Porto Rican relief committee, to which Governor Roosevelt is chairman, will ship 6,000 women's wrappers, 7,200 men's underand children's clothing. Subscriptions made to the committee of the association now aggregate \$20,530. The National Bank of North America, the depository designated by the secretary of war, has received a total of

#### TO COMBINE ALL TRUSTS

DBJECT OF A COMPANY RECENTLY INCORPORATED IN JERSEY.

Newspaper Man Who Hopes to Found a New School of Economics and Benefit Mankind.

the combinations, or "trusts," is the object of an incorporation, the papers for which were taken out in New Jersey a short the circumstances, however, the lawyer time ago. This movement is the outcome of the studies for many years of Russell Thompson, a Cleveland newspaper man, working on the problem of giving profitable employment to the immense productive capacity which, though obviously available, is not used. His study has led him to declare, in what is pronounced to be the foundation of a new school of economics, that a business system in which establishments are disconnected is organically incapable of using more than a small part of all industrial power in reach, but that a comprehensive consolidation could use most of it. with a consequent wealth increase so great and rapid as to change the whole condition of society. Mr. Thompson formed a corporation some months ago under the name of the Central Company, filing a charter at Trenton through a New Jersey registration and trust company. Several prominent bustness men in Cleveland have been quietly aiding and encouraging these preliminaries. Those who have financially assisted the promoter have extensive corporate and banking connections. Communications were to-day addressed to most of the consolidation directorates, announcing the project and explaining it.

> Agricultural Exposition. CHICAGO, Aug. 29 .- Work will be begun exposition building here, to be located at here. the main entrance to the Union stockyards.

and to cost about \$100,000. The building will be a modern, fireproof structure, built of stone, steel and brick, three stories high, seventy-six men in killed and wounded and On the first floor there will be dozens of was among those killed. rooms, where manufacturers may place on exhibition such of their products as they choose. On the third floor there will also auditorium with a seating capacity of 700. which is to be used for holding public Grange and other agricultural organiza-One of the principal features now secured will be a model beet-sugar manufacturing plant, showing the process of manufacture from the time the ture coal mine in full operation. Several Governors of Western States have made application for space and will arrange for the come requests for space from many manufacturers. There is to be no charge for admission, and the building will be open ev-

throughout the year. Fighting the Beef Trust. NEW YORK, Aug. 29 .- A meeting of the Retail Butchers' Association was held tonight behind closed doors. After the meeting it was announced that most of the time ation of le ters from prominent ranchmen offering their aid in the movement against the beef "combine." In many instances the ranchmen offered to furnish cattle to the new association at from 1 to 2 cents a pound cheaper than the prices now demanded by the "combine." All of the ranchmen heard from promised their support to the new organization. The letters also contained many suggestions as to slaughtering plants, and the decision of the association to establish abattoirs in both Jersey City and Kansas City, to begin with, was approved by

the Westerners. It was announced that another meeting will be held on Tuesday next, at which the executive board will make its report as to plans of organization and the issuing of stock in the new association. It is now proposed to increase the capital to \$10,000,000. It was also announced that Western ranchmen had promised to take a big block of stock in the new concern.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 29.-The Farmers' Federation of the Mississippi Valley has been organized, and officers were elected today. Walter N. Allen, of Meriden, is president and business manager. The object of the Federation is to regulate and control the shipment of farm products of all the States in the Mississippi valley, to establish and maintain offices, yards, grain elevators, to maintain agents to handle, sell and distrib-ute such products, and to lend and borrow

money and do a banking business at To-

Farmers' Federation.

peka, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati and New Orleans. The capital stock will be \$20,000,000 in shares of The Hide and Leather Trust. NEW YORK, Aug. 20 .- At a meeting of the American Hide and Leather Company to-day rapresentatives of the various concerns to be included in the new company were present. Another meeting will be held on Sept. 2, at which the officers and directors will be elected. In Jersey City to-day the articles of incorporation of the new company was filed. The capital stock is \$35,000,000; one-half of the stock is 7 per cent, noncumulative. The incorporators are

Robert S. Greene of Elizabeth, Frederick

Voorhis and Edward M. Miller of New

Chinese-American Corporation. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 29 .- The Call tomorrow will say that a Chinese-American corporation, with a capital of \$20,000,000, is in process of organization for the purpose of establishing large enterprises in China. The Chinese government is said to be backing the undertaking. Ho You, the Chinese con-sul general, laid the plan before a meeting of capitalists here to-day, and it is said the necessary capital was subscribed.

Big Order from France. CINCINNATI, Aug. 29 .- A local firm has received an order amounting to a half million dollars from a French company for electric railway generators, to be shipped to France, China and South Africa.

ARREST

JIMINEZ DETAINED BY GEN. WOOD AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

Leader of the Santo Domingo Revolution Indignant-More Towns in Possession of Rebels.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 29 .- General Juan Isidro Jiminez, the revolutionary aspirant to the presidency of the republic of Santo Domingo, who arrived here yestersteamer but was not allowed to land, came ashore to-day and was placed under arrest by the order of General Leonard Wood, the military governor, who will not permit him to proceed to Santo Domingo, except after instructions to that effect from Havana. General Jiminez is very indignant at the treatment to which he is subjected, though he does not attempt to conceal his intention to proceed to Santo Domingo and to become President of the republic. Although yesterday he declined to be interviewed, alby the press, he talked freely to-day. General Jiminez said that when General Heureaux, the late President of Santo Domingo, was assassinated, he cabled to his friends in Santo Domingo to do nothing until his arrival. The principal portion of the revolutionary forces complied with this request; but, he asserted, his detention by the Americans had forced a general outbreak, which would probably be successful and would certainly accomplish his purpose within ten days after his arrival in the country. He said he had received cabled information today that the revolutionists hold practically the whole republic except the capital, San Domingo. He referred to General Gomez as "my particular friend," but said the latter was in no way involved in Dominican af-

In reply to the question as to whether expeditions in his interest were leaving Cuba, he criticised the action of General Wood in definitely whether there were others planning to leave. General Jiminez talked in an entertaining way of the conditions and resources of Santo Domingo. The corrupyears had been desirous that he should return and lead the insurrection. He responded with feeling to a toast to "The Future President of San Domingo." A close examination of his twenty-six trunks re-

PUERTA PLATA CAPTURED. Several Towns Now Under Control o the Insurgents.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.-The State De partment has received the following cable gram from United States Consul Simpson, at Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo: "All towns in this district except Monte Cristo in possession of revolutionists. This town (Puerto Plata) surrendered yesterday." CAPE HAITIEN, Aug. 29.-News has reached here from Santo Domingo confirming the report of the defeat by the revolutionists of General Peppin, in command of a government force, who lost thirty men killed and had forty of his soldiers captured. In addition, General Peppin was com-

pelled to abandon a convoy of provisions. Further fighting has taken place near Monte Cristo between the revolutionists under General Daverro and the government troops commanded by General Guelito. Dewithin a week on a permanent agricultural | tails of this engagement have not reached There was a battle at Dajabou several days ago, in which, according to the reports received here, the government los

seventy-five feet wide and 200 feet long. | the insurgents only five. General Escobozas The tide of revolution is rapidly nearing the capital. The revolutionists have crossed the mountains and are now only six hours be a number of exhibition rooms and an distant by horse. The government is tottering and apparently unable to check the insurrection. Among the people there is general alarm. The President never leaves guard. The city is virtually under military law. The soldiers are patrolling the streets. The foreign consulates are crowded with

aliens apprehensive of disorder. The military commandant of San Cristo bal was assassinated on Tuesday. Placards demanding the death of the Cabinet ministers are posted nightly in prominent places. Governor Lionais, of the La Vega district. ery week day, except legal holidays, has gone over to the revolutionists, taking with him many soldiers. Some of the Dominican gunboats put into the river and it is rumored that the President and Cabinet. in case of emergency, will flee to Porto Rico. If more serious trouble comes the people of Santo Domingo are looking to the United States for protection. In cas rioting the New Orleans and a French cruiser are prepared to land marines to protect the consulate.

Want Good Government.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 29.-Nelson B. Clark, of Boston, who has just arrived here from Santo Domingo, confirms the recent advices of the Associated Press as to the situation of affairs in the republic, but he adds that the revolution is so essentially national and devoid of personal political element that the adherents of Jiminez are advising him not to come to Santo Domingo for the present. What the people are clamoring for is not a mere change in the political personnel but good government, with financial solvency, with which they associate the idea of American annexation or protectorate. This, Mr. Clark adds, is the sole present object of the revolution; and the industrial and commercial conditions are such that the entire nation in dorses the annexation scheme as the only real solution. The government censorsh prevents correspondents from cabling the truth, and the same applies to Haiti, which sympathetically desires the suppression of

### LATIN-AMERICAN LEAGUE

lawyer, belonging to the Conservative party. publishes in the clerical organ, El Tiempo, an elaborate plan for the alliance of all Latin-American republics in a league for mutual protection. According to this plan the league is to be formed for a period of twenty-five years and to commence its existence with the first year of the coming century. There shall be a general assembly of delegates from all nations in the league. This supreme assembly shall have control of the combined fleets of the contracting powers and shall also have eminent control over an interocenic canal, which the new confederation shall construct in Central America. The nations in the league shall submit to compulsory arbitration all international questions. The supreme as-sembly shall establish concord between church and the members of the confedera-

In its issue to-night El Mundo, a semiofficial paper, tears the programme to pieces in a brilliant analysis, saying that the whole plan is a scheme to bring the progressive Latin-American countries, such as Mexico, Brazil, Chile and Argentine, under the control of an assembly in which the little republics, dominated by the clergy, will have a majority; and, El Mundo adds, the first outcome of such a league would be war with the United States, which would regard any attempt to build an interocean canal as a declaration of hostilities against itself. El Mundo ridicules the scheme as impracticable and opposed to the wishes of the Liberal party in the Latin-American coun-

scheme as a delicious piece of Quixotry and says, while it approves some scheme of Latin-American federation, it must come as an initiative from one of the chief coun-

AMONG OLD FRIENDS.

President McKinley Makes a Speech to the People of East Liverpool.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Aug. 29.-Six years ago to-night William McKinley, then Governor, opened his campaign for a second term from Colonel John Taylor's porch, and the fact was recalled when Congressman Taylor, who now represents the old McKinley district in Congress, spoke from the same porch this evening, welcoming the President back to the old Eighteenth disday with his two sons by the south-coast | trict. Seven thousand people thronged the grounds and streets about the Taylor homestead. In response the President said:

"As I voice appreciation of this welcome I can't help recalling that from this very place, year in and year out, I have met this people, and they always gave me the same generous greeting. You have always been firm in your friendship for me, and though I have been should be the more than though I have been absent for more than four years, the regard I feel for you has never abated."

Mrs. McKinley came out on the porch for a minute to bow to the crowd, and was given an ovation. The demonstration conleging that he was always misrepresented | tinued for an hour. Aside from to-night's reception, the President and his wife spent a quiet day, driving out once or twice. Tomorrow morning, at 10:30, the party leaves

#### TO TAKE CUBAN CENSUS

PREPARATIONS COMPLETED BY THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

President's Proclamation to Be Made Public at Havana Soon-Yellow Fever Cases.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29 .- It is expected that the President's proclamation relating to the taking of the census in Cuba will be preventing the departure of the one recently | made public at Havana very soon. Although organized at Baracoa. He would not say it is well known that the taking of the cen- made a bad break. The prosecutor rose to sus is intended as a preliminary step to the establishment of a republican form of government in Cuba, it is positively stated at the War Department that there is nothing tion of the old government, he said, had in the census proclamation to justify the exasperated the entire people, who for many assertion that the United States intends to give immediate independence to Cuba. The taking of the census will be followed by municipal elections and the inauguration of may both be right." Then turning to a sutonomy in localities where it is demon- group of the prisoner's friends, "You may strated that it is practicable and expedient. The taking of the census will require at least two months' constant labor, and it is probable that the complete returns will not be tabulated before the beginning of next year. The withdrawal of American troops and the termination of the existing military government is not looked for, at the earliest, for several months yet.

The Cubans have been seeking commemorate the first war for independence, began Oct. 10, 1868, by beginning taking of the census on next, as the census is regarded as one of the evidences of Cuba's progress toward self-rule and independence. It was finally decided, however, not to give a political as pect to this purely administrative duty, and the date for beginning the taking of the census has been fixed for Oct. 16. The work will begin simultaneously in all the provinces, and the enumeration will be accom plished within a few weeks. Only a few towns, but the rural districts and the mountains and inaccessible localities will require

Yellow Fever in Cuba.

HAVANA, Aug. 29.-Governor General Brooke has not yet received President Mc-Kinley's census proclamation. The reports | tears. that the text was issued to-day in Havana are, of course, entirely without foundation. General Ludlow, military governor of Havana, has official information of thirteen cases of yellow fever in the department ing four soldiers and two American civil-The others are Spaniards. As August is the most dangerous month of the year, such a record is remarkable, the figures being far below the records for the month of August during many previous years to 1899 The commission which has been engaged The commission which has been engaged in distributing the \$3,000,000 appropriation for the purpose of paying off Cuban soldiers who surrender their arms to the American officials has returned to Havana. It reports that 33,692 persons have received their share of the gratuity, and that the total amount of money distributed is \$2,526,900. Considerable anxiety is felt\_among the Cuban tobacco growers lest Porto Rican obacce be allowed to enter Cuba free. They fear that the Porto Rican leaf will be mixed with the better Cuban leaf and solo

temperature reaching 92 degrees. Will Try to Convert Cubans. CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 29.-Rev. H. R. Moseley, D. D., of Florence, has resigned his pastorate and will, after Oct. 1, take charge of Baptist missionary work in Cuba for the American Home Missionary Society. Dr. Meseley served eight years as missionary for the Southern Baptist Con-vention in Mexico and is familiar with the Spanish language. He will superintend the mission work in the eastern provinces of Cuba, Santa Clara, Santiago and Puerto Principe, with headquarters at Santiago. In addition to this Dr. Moseley will supervise a normal school for training Cuban teachers, to be established at Santiago.

ply and perhaps ultimately lowering the

To-day was the hottest of the year, th

YOUNG ASTOR TO ENTER ARMY. Will Follow His Father and Become a British Subject.

William Waldorf Astor intends to put his son into the Household Cavalry. He is being educated at Eton and Oxferd

William Waldorf Astor, who deserted th United States for Great Britain a few years ago, recently became a British citizen. intend to follow the father's example, but from the above dispatch it is evident that

William Waldorf Astor, jr., who is now 19 years old, and ought to be about com-pleting his course at Eton, is destined, if he lives, to be one of the richest men in the world, and British mothers with marriageable daughters have their eyes on the young man. Not only is the youth heir to immense Plan of a Mexican Lawyer Ridiculed by the Press.

Wealth, but he is a pretty good sort of a boy personally, and, although he has so far shown no particular brilliancy as a student, he has done fairly well with his books and has proved himself a manly fellow and not entered the dining room he found the womdisposed to rely upon the family fortune for en sitting expectantly around the great his standing with his fellows. At a great English public school like Eton every boy has to stand on his own merits. The story is told of a sprig of nobility who, when he first went to Eton, began boasting

of "my grandfather, the duke." The boys got around him and kicked and pounde him, crying as each blow landed, "Take that for your grandfather, the duke. Young Astor made no such mistake, and submitted to the "fagging" system and to all the other rules and customs of the school with good grace. Probably he was "birched," too, for that time-honored method of correcting youths is still in vogue at Eton. A story is told that once a list of thirty

candidates for confirmation was sent to the head master, who mistook it for the list of culprits sent to him daily, and birched the whole lot before he discovered his mistake. Among Astor's school-fellows at Eton is "young Connaught," the son of the Duke of Connaught, and, consequently, grandson of the Queen. The royal boy is in a class below young Astor, and, a while ago, it was reported in the papers that "young Con-naught" was the "fag" of "young Astor." A fag at an English public school has to fetch and carry for the upper classman who selects him for his especial slave, and at all times to bear himself lowly and reverently toward his chief.

The idea of a prince of the blood doing menial work for the son of a Yankee millionaire rather disturbed the British, and the story has been denied and reaffirmed several times. It is not of much importance one way or the other. What is of import ance is that young Astor is popular at Eton and is a good all-round at plete. In rowing he has especially distinguished himself, and is now the head of the Eton boating outfit. Mexican Herald pronounces the Astor has a sister about a year you

### "He That is Warm Thinks All So."

Thousands are "cold" in that they do not understand the glow of health. This implies disordered kidneys, liver, bowels, blood or brain. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives all who take it the warmth of perfect health. Get Hood's because



than he, and a brother named from the founder of the fortunes of the family, John Jacob, who is about eleven. Mrs. Astor, the mother of these children, died in 1892 at Cliveden. She was Miss Mary Paul, and came of an old Philadelphia family. There are thirty-one regiments in Household cavalry, among which are the famous Life Guards, Royal Horse Guards, Royal Irish and others. No doubt the elder Astor, as a British citizen of influence, can get his son in any of the Household regiments which suit his fancy.

DREYFUS IN DRY DOCK.

Scenes at the Trial by Wireless Telegraphy to a Mind Reader.

Kansas City Star. M. de Herzog testified to seeing M. Dreyfus conversing with a Germany military at-Direct examination: "Where were you when you saw them."
"I was inside the opening to the entrance to the aperture in the embrasure of the out-"Where was the defendant sitting at this time?" [Great excitement.]

"He was sitting, my colonel, on the ver-anda of the plazza drinking Rhine wine and seltzer." [Loud cries from the Bourbonists, "A bas Germans!" and "A bas seltzer!"]
"How many bottles had he drank?"
"I count with the grande sorrow and envy

[Amidst loud cries defendant's advocate addressed the court.] "Ah, the canaille, he say twenty-two, see twenty-two, not the twenty-four-he has not made out the case!" [Loud cheers from the gallery, during which a force of gendarmes was sent out by

the court to bring in the empties.] A striking illustration of the fairness of the court at Rennes was shown in the hydropneumatic brake in gun No. 120. Counsel for defense urged Dreyfus had 'M. Dreyfus's advocate has the heart of a guinea pig, the ears of a chimpanzee-and fique liar of all France. "The prosecutor," replied counsel for de-use, "is the tail cut off un canaille, he is un perjurer noir, in gimlet-eyed, ring-boned spavined liar that is to laugh-" 'My advocates," said the court, "this is

take my reply which way you jews." M. De Maurel testified that, peepir through the closed shutters of a de house in the Rue de Boulogne, he saw M. Dreyfus, in full military regalia, at a dance "Tell the accused what you saw him do-

"Ah, the traitor; the traitor. My poor France! (Checking his tears and pointing at the cowering prisoner, his voice rang out with the denunciation.) "He was leading a German!" (After the gendarmes had cleared the gallery and the vivandiers had restored disorder, the cross-examination began.) 'The prisoner came out and spoke to you

"Yes, my advocate. He say he loose one of his gloves! Bah! he insult me with so What were you doing in a vacant house and why were the shutters closed? "Just for a blind." (The defendant cowered lower in his chair and the judges looked mercless.) "But that traitor!" continued the witner search all over the street. Why? Let the

pig of a prisoner speak! (During the im-pressive silence M. Dreyfus staggered to his feet, folded his arms and, looking full at his accusers, spoke.)
"For the honor of my name I will now speak. It was, my generals-for a kid." General Roget wept when he was testify-ing against Dreyfus. When it came to the bordereau allegation the allegator shed

"Ah, mon colonel," exclaimed M. Dreyfus, See! See! A bas Roget! He shed the crocodile tears." The senior counsel for M. Dreyfus was lainly growing bitter. Pointing a vibrating index of scorn to the witness box, he exclaimed: "Now, Paty de Clam, don't you

rubber your little neck!' During the morning session, while the bordereau was being explained, the Sovernor of North Lorraine caused great excite by shouting across to the Governor of South Lorraine: "Don't you think this border row is rather a dry fuss?" (The two Governors then went out, followed by a crowd of royalists shouting, "Vive le Bourbon!"

JUDGE HILTON'S ART COLLECTION.

Incident Resulting for Opening His House to the Public. New York Commercial Advertiser. There was one subject upon which Judge Hilton never tired of talking, and that was art in general and his own art collection in particular. His brownstone home on Thirty-fourth street, near Fifth avenue—No. 7 West—which has long been closed to the public, contains some of the rarest art treasures in America, if not in the world. The first and second floors of the house form a veritable museum of valuable paintings, sculpture, bronzes, rare carvi ceramics and royal Sevres. A dinner gues of the judge made this remark: "I dine in an atmosphere of high art. I sat in chair of hand carved ebony facing a \$15,000 Munkaczy masterpiece and near a \$29,000 Meissonier. Over my head glittered a chandelier that had been exhibited at the Centennial exhibition in Philadelphia and won a first prize. To my right was Crawford's heroic bust of Washington. The silver service had been made especially the famous Hermann Thorn, known to a
past generation as the Monte Cristo of New
York, and to cap the artistic climax I wiped

my mouth with a napkin made expression of Napoleon Bonaparte and marked with the historic 'N.' The pride the owner felt in his unusually valuable collection prompted him at one time to open his house to the public, which was glad of the opportunity to satisfy a widespread feeling of curiosity to know what the rich judge had shut up in his somber home. For several weeks the house was crowded during the mornings and afternoons of certain days, but the judge soon learned that his visitors were prompt-ed to call more by a feeling of curiosity to see how he lived than out of any artistic sentiments. He had about decided to close the doors to the public when he was prompted to put his decision into effect immediately. During one of the public days he was in his sitting room on the

"There are two women below, sir, who ask if they could be served with The judge became very angry. "I knew that is all half of the crowd comes for," keeping his face straight. He amended the utterances of the judge and said to the as-"Ladies, Judge Hilton says this is not a

second floor when the butler entered an

public hash house." Has been used over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, aliays pain, cures wind colic, regulates bowels, and is the best recordy for diarr whether arising from teething or other cas For sale by druggists in every part of the we Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Boot Syrup. 25 cents a bottle.

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